2D materials in transistors, memories, and phototransistors

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Two-dimensional materials hold great promises for electronics and optoelectronics applications. Their atomic thickness enables highly scaled field-effect transistors with reduced short-channel effects and relatively high carrier mobility. The intrinsic electrical transport properties of 2D materials are commonly investigated using back-gated field-effect transistors, due to the low density of process-induced defects and the easy fabrication.

In this presentation, the electrical and optical properties of several 2D materials are discussed. The focus is on the wide family of transition-metal dichalcogenides (TMDs), such as MoS₂, PtSe₂, PdSe₂, WSe₂, ReSe₂, [1-3] and on black phosphorus (BP).[4] Electrical transport, modulation of the conductivity by a back-gate, effect of electron irradiation, the role of surface adsorbates and the photoresponse are investigated in nanosheets obtained by either mechanical exfoliation or chemical vapor deposition on SiO₂/Si substrates.

The formation of low-resistance contacts and the control of process-induced defects or interface states are issues to consider in the electrical characterization of 2D materials. It is shown that the contact resistance can be tuned by electron irradiation that reduces the Schottky barrier and improves the 2D material/metal contacts.[5-7] It is demonstrated that adsorbates can change the polarity of the charge-carriers and enhance the hysteresis in the transfer characteristics of TMD-based field-effect transistors.[8] It shown that slow excitation from intrinsic or extrinsic trap states enables slow optical response and persistent photoconductivity.[2] It is highlighted how positive and negative photoconductivity can coexist in the same device, the dominance of one type over the other being controlled by the adsorbed oxygen.

The strong dependence of the channel conductance on the environmental gas, air pressure, light and electrical stress make 2D materials-based devices suitable for memory, gas and light sensing applications.

Finally, the tunable conductivity and the sharp-edge geometry facilitate the extraction of electrons (field emission) from 2D materials upon application of an electric field.[9-10] It is shown that several 2D materials are effective field emitters and that their emission current can be modulated by a back-gate.

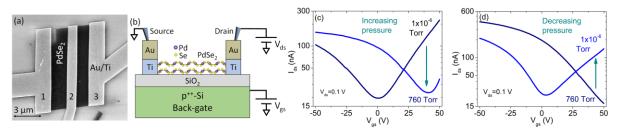


Fig. 1. (a) SEM top view and (b) schematic cross section and measurement setup of a back-gate $PdSe_2$ field-effect transistor. Effects of air pressure on the transfer characteristics of the $PdSe_2$ transistor (a) for increasing and (b) decreasing pressure.

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